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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/037,597	01/04/2002	Neal W. Luginbill	HRA-12807	HRA-12807 6360	
27505	7590 01/05/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
•	IILL, PORTER & CLARK	HONG, HARRY S			
4080 ERIE S' WILLOUGH	BY, OH 44094-7836	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	•	2642			
		DATE MAILED: 01/05/2006			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/037,5	97	LUGINBILL ET A	LUGINBILL ET AL.			
		Examine		Art Unit				
		Harry S. I		2642				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	n appears on th	e cover sheet with the	he correspondence ad	ddress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication be period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per te to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF THE FR 1.136(a). In no evon. period will apply and w statute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICAT ent, however, may a reply b ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS of dication to become ABANDO	TION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this of the content of the conte	·			
Status								
1)[\inf	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	17 October 200	95.					
•	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
·	·							
,	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-14</u> is/are pending in the application.							
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-14</u> is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election r	equirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
	•	miner						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>04 January 2002</u> is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.05(a).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
	 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* S	ee the attached detailed Office action for a	a list of the certi	fied copies not rece	eived.				
Attachment	` '							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948	0)	4) Interview Summ Paper No(s)/Mai					
	e of Dransperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SI		5) Notice of Inform	al Patent Application (PT0	O-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:								

Application/Control Number: 10/037,597 Page 2

Art Unit: 2642

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 1 and 3-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Osborn (US 6,543,637 B1; previously cited and applied) in view of Close (US 6,396,925 cited and applied for the first time).

Regarding claim 1, Osborn shows a cup holder comprising:

Art Unit: 2642

An open topped outer member (12) that is secured to a support (col. 3, lines 38 - 62); an open topped inner member (14) that is slidably received and secured to the outer member (12);

the outer member (12) is adapted to receive a cup having a first size when the inner member is removed; and

the inner member (14) is adapted to receive a cup having a second size.

The front walls of the inner and outer members have an elongated opening through which a front of the cup is visible (clearly depicted in FIG. 1).

Osborn does not teach holding a phone. However, Close plainly teaches that cup holders are and can be adapted to be used with phones. Therefore, it would have been obvious even to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the cup holders of Osborn to also hold phones as clearly taught and motivated by Close.

5. Claims 7-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Osborn in view of Close as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Hecht et al. (Hecht; 5,848,820; cited and applied for the first time).

Osborn in view of Close differs from the claimed invention in that it does not explicitly mention a panel assembly pivotally movable between a closed position and an open position wherein the panel is disposed "generally" vertically in the closed position. However, Hecht plainly shows such a panel assembly (Figs. 2 and 3) that is pivotally movable between a closed position (Fig. 2) and an open position (Fig. 3), wherein the panel is disposed "generally" vertically in the closed position. Hence, it would have

Art Unit: 2642

been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate Osborn in view of Close into a pivotal panel as taught by Hecht, such that the modification allows the system to be stored in a storage bin when not in use.

Regarding claims 3-6 and 8-14, the combination of Osborn in view of Close or Osborn in view of Close and further in view of Hecht shows:

the inner and outer members having an opening on the bottom wall (see Figs. 5 and 6 of Close);

the inner member can have ears that are snap fit through openings in the outer member (see FIG. 1 of Osborn);

ribs, slots, and mounting tabs (see 50, 52, 54, 56, 22, 25, 24, 26, 28, and 30 in FIG. 1 of Osborn); and

the upper peripheral rims for the inner and outer members (see opening top in FIG. 1 of Osborn).

Since these new grounds of rejection are obviousness rejections, the applicants are respectfully reminded that the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981).

Application/Control Number: 10/037,597 Page 5

Art Unit: 2642

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 3-14 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Harry S. Hong whose telephone number is (571) 272-7485. The examiner is normally off on Wednesdays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ahmad F. Matar can be reached on (571) 272-4788. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Harry S. Hong Primary Examiner

Art Unit 2642

January 3, 2006